

Diffusion MRI on a Cartesian grid with immersed interfaces

Khieu Van NGUYEN, University Paris-Sud; NeuroSpin, CEA Saclay

Jing-Rebecca LI, INRIA Saclay-Equipe DEFI

Luisa CIOBANU, NeuroSpin, CEA Saclay

Diffusion MRI measures the diffusion of water in biological tissue. To simulate the diffusion MRI signal, it is important to accurately describe the geometry of the biological cells and cell membranes. We discretize this problem on a Cartesian grid and model cell membranes by interfaces that are not necessarily aligned with the computational grid, using the method of [1]. This results in a second order convergent method that correctly accounts for the interface surface area.

Références

- [1] LATIGE, MANUEL AND GALLICE, GERARD AND COLIN, THIERRY, *A second order Cartesian finite volume method for elliptic interface and embedded Dirichlet problems*, Computers and Fluids 83, 2013.

Khieu Van NGUYEN, Neurospin, CEA Saclay, 91191 Gif sur Yvette, France

`nvkhiu89@gmail.com`

Jing-Rebecca LI, CMAP, Ecole Polytechnique, Route de Saclay, 91128, Palaiseau Cedex, France

`jingrebecca.li@inria.fr`

Luisa CIOBANU, Neurospin, CEA Saclay, 91191 Gif sur Yvette, France

`luisa.ciobanu@cea.fr`