

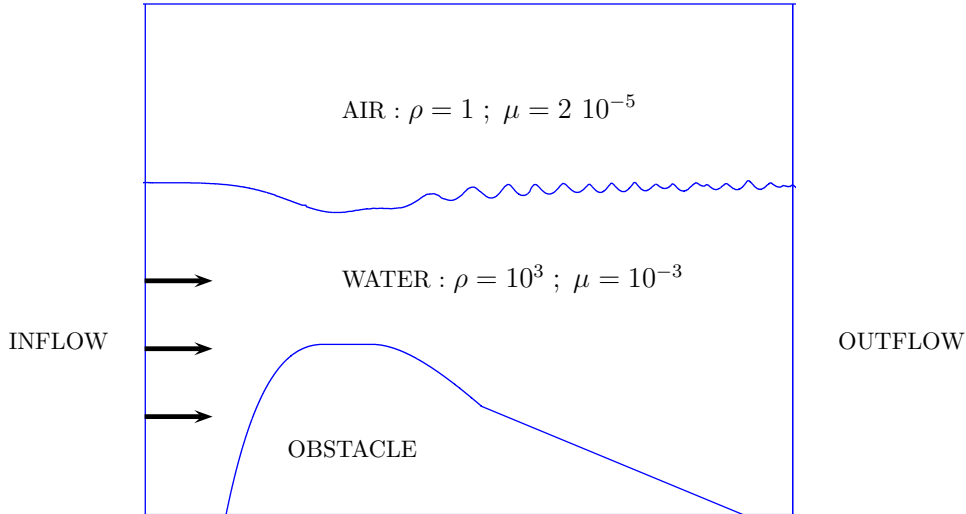
Numerical simulation of subcritical flows over an obstacle

Nicolas JAMES, LMA UMR 7348

This study addresses a problem of wave and current interactions. Experiments performed in a wave channel in which a flow is imposed over an obstacle have shown very interesting features such as wave blocking and the generation of blue shifted waves [?]. Like in [?], we use a Chorin-type projection method to solve the incompressible variable density Navier-Stokes equations. This leads to solve successively

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\mathbf{u}^{n+\frac{1}{2}} - \mathbf{u}^n}{\Delta t} + (\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla) \mathbf{u} &= \frac{(\nabla \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau})^T}{\rho} + \mathbf{g} \quad \text{with} \quad \boldsymbol{\tau} = \mu (\nabla \mathbf{u} + \nabla \mathbf{u}^T) , \\ \nabla \cdot \left(\frac{\nabla p}{\rho} \right) &= \frac{\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u}^{n+\frac{1}{2}}}{\Delta t} , \\ \text{and} \quad \mathbf{u}^{n+1} - \mathbf{u}^{n+\frac{1}{2}} + \Delta t \frac{\nabla p}{\rho} &= 0 . \end{aligned}$$

Several techniques, avoiding the generation of conformal meshes, will be used to take into account the presence of both moving interface and obstacle in a two dimensional incompressible fluid flow. The cut-cell method [?] is used in order to enforce the no-slip boundary condition on the rigid obstacle. The moving interface (between air and water) is tackled with the well-known Level-Set technique. The jump conditions (for instance pressure jump due to surface tension) across the interface are solved by using the boundary condition capturing method [?].



Références

- [1] L.-P. EUVÉ, F. MICHEL, R. PARENTANI AND G. ROUSSEAU, *Wave blocking and partial transmission in subcritical flows over an obstacle*, Physical Review, 2015.
- [2] M. KANG, R. FEDKIW AND X.-D. LIU, *A Boundary Condition Capturing Method for Multiphase Incompressible Flow*, Journal of Scientific Computing, 2000.
- [3] F. BOUCHON, T. DUBOIS AND N. JAMES, *A second-order cut-cell method for the numerical simulation of 2D flows past obstacles*, Computers & Fluids, 2012.

Nicolas JAMES, Université de Poitiers - Laboratoire de Mathématiques et Applications UMR 7348, Futuroscope Chasseneuil France

Nicolas.James@math.univ-poitiers.fr